Diff equ.
Slope fields
area
volume
rate in rate out

X-axis $y = \sqrt{x}$ x = 4Therefore x-axis

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$$\int \frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^{2}y \qquad (D,8)$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{dy} = \int 3x^{2}dx \qquad |y| = 8e^{x^{3}}$$

$$|y| = e^{x^{2}} + C$$

$$|y| = e^{x^{2}}$$

$$|y| = Ce^{x^{3}}$$

$$|y| = C$$

$$\frac{u^{-2y-5}}{dx^{-2dy}} \left(\frac{dy}{2y-5} \right) = \int X dX$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \ln|2y-5| = \frac{1}{2} x^{+}C$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -2y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -2y$$

$$\frac{|y|}{|y|} = e^{-2t}$$

$$\frac{|y|}{|y|} = e^{-2t}$$

$$\frac{|y|}{|y|} = -2t$$

The rate of change of y is proportional to y.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = ky$$

$$y = Ce^{kt}$$

3.)
$$\int_{3000}^{5} \frac{3000e^{2t/5}}{dt} = \frac{5}{2} \cdot 3000e^{2t/5} \int_{0}^{5} \frac{1}{100} \frac{$$

4.)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-x}{ye^{x^{2}}}$$

$$\begin{cases} ydy = \int -xe^{-x} dx & \frac{1}{2}y^{2} = \frac{1}{2}e^{x^{2}} + \frac{3}{2}x \\ \frac{1}{2}y^{2} = \frac{1}{2}e^{-x^{2}} + C & y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$2 = \frac{1}{2} + C \qquad y = 0 \end{cases}$$

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$$3 = 0$$

 $\frac{dy}{dx} = x$