

4.5 U-Substitution - cont.

ex: Evaluate.

$$\text{a) } \int_0^1 x(x^2 + 1)^3 dx$$

ALTERNATE WAY

ex: Evaluate.

$$\text{a) } \int_0^1 x(x^2 + 1)^3 dx$$

ex: Evaluate.

$$\text{b) } \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos\left(\frac{2x}{3}\right) dx$$

ALTERNATE WAY

ex: Evaluate.

$$\text{b) } \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos\left(\frac{2x}{3}\right) dx$$

ex: Rewrite the definite integral in terms of u .

a) Let $u = 3x - 2$; $\int_0^1 (3x - 2)^3 dx$

ex: Rewrite the definite integral in terms of u .

b) Let $u = 2x + 3$; $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{1}{2x+3} dx$

ex: Rewrite the definite integral in terms of u .

d) Let $u = 4 - x^2$; $\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{xdx}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$

ex:

Using the substitution $u = \sqrt{x}$, $\int_1^4 \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ is equal to which of the following?

- (A) $2\int_1^{16} e^u du$ (B) $2\int_1^4 e^u du$ (C) $2\int_1^2 e^u du$ (D) $\frac{1}{2}\int_1^2 e^u du$ (E) $\int_1^4 e^u du$

4.6 The Natural Logarithmic Function: Integration

Review:

$$\frac{d}{dx}[\ln x] =$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}[\ln|x|] =$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}[\ln u] =$$

THEOREM 4.19 Log Rule for Integration

Let u be a differentiable function of x .

1. $\int \frac{1}{x} dx =$

2. $\int \frac{1}{u} du =$

ex: Integrate.

a) $\int \frac{6}{x} dx$

ex: Integrate.

$$\text{b) } \int \frac{1}{3x+5} dx$$

ex: Integrate.

$$c) \int \frac{2x}{x^2 + 6} dx$$

ex: Integrate.

$$d) \int \frac{\sec^2 x}{\tan x} dx$$

ex: Integrate.

$$\text{h) } \int \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx$$

long division

$$\int \frac{3x^2 - 7x + 2}{x + 5} dx$$

ex: Integrate.

$$1) \int_0^1 \frac{x-1}{x+1} dx$$

FR 10

The acceleration of a particle moving along a straight line is given by $a = 10e^{2t}$.

- (a) Write an expression for the velocity v , in terms of time t , if $v = 5$ when $t = 0$.
- (b) During the time that the velocity increases from 5 to 15, how far does the particle travel?
- (c) Write an expression for the position s , in terms of time t , of the particle if $s = 0$ when $t = 0$.