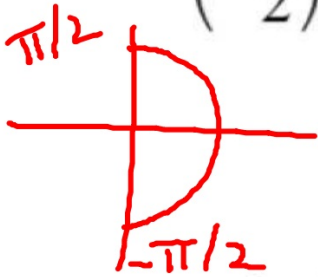


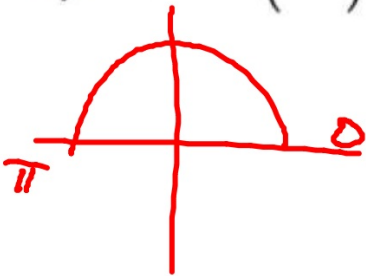
2.6 Derivatives of Inverse Functions Cont.

ex: Evaluate.

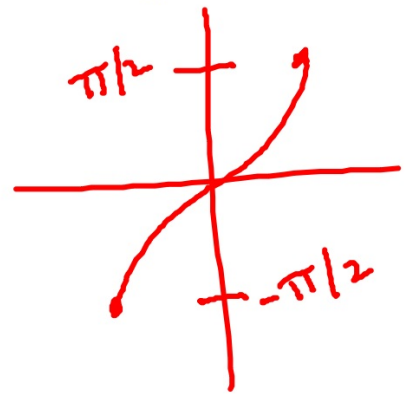
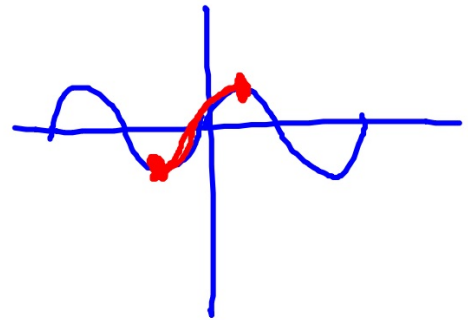
$$\text{a) } \sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{\pi}{6}$$

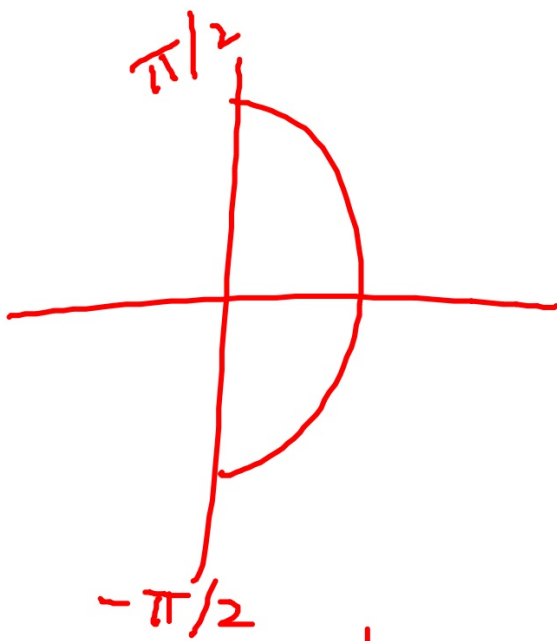


$$\text{b) } \arccos(-1) = \pi$$

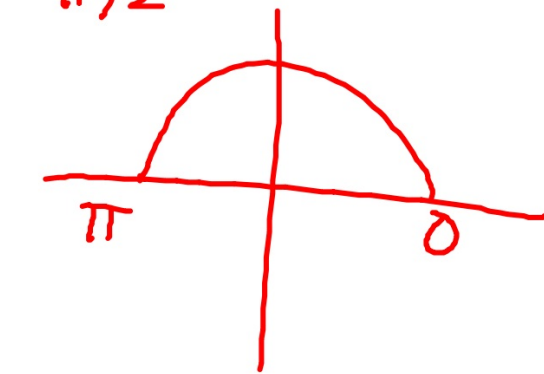


$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$



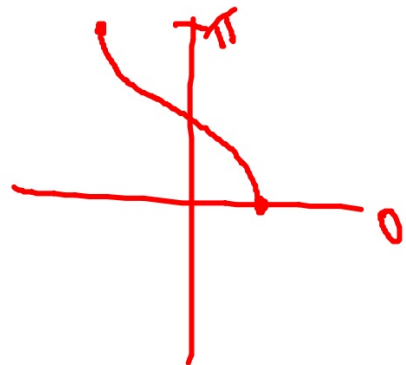


$\arcsin x$
 $\operatorname{arccsc} x$
 $\operatorname{arctan} x$

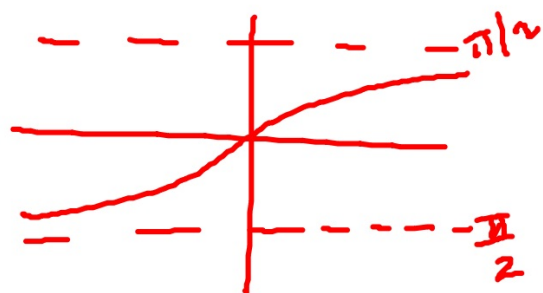


$\operatorname{arccot} x$
 $\operatorname{arccos} x$
 $\operatorname{arcsec} x$

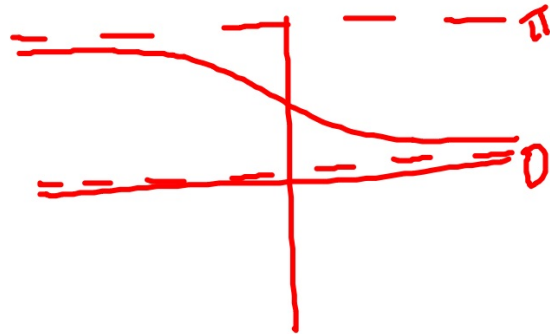
$$\arccos\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$



$$\arctan(-1) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$



$$\operatorname{arccot}(1) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$



Derivatives of Inverse Trigonometric Functions

THEOREM 2.18 Derivatives of Inverse Trigonometric Functions

Let u be a differentiable function of x .

$$\begin{array}{ll} \frac{d}{dx}[\arcsin u] = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} & \frac{d}{dx}[\arccos u] = \frac{-u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \\ \frac{d}{dx}[\arctan u] = \frac{u'}{1+u^2} & \frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{arccot} u] = \frac{-u'}{1+u^2} \\ \frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{arcsec} u] = \frac{u'}{|u|\sqrt{u^2-1}} & \frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{arccsc} u] = \frac{-u'}{|u|\sqrt{u^2-1}} \end{array}$$

ex: Find the derivative.

a) $y = \sin^{-1}(2x)$

$$y' = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-4x^2}}$$

ex: Find the derivative.

b) $f(x) = \sec^{-1}(e^{7x})$

$$f'(x) = \frac{7e^{7x}}{e^{7x} \sqrt{e^{14x} - 1}}$$

ex: Find an equation of the tangent line to the graph of f at the given point.

$$y = \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right), \quad x = -2 \quad \left(-2, -\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$y' = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 + \frac{x^2}{4}}$$

$$\boxed{y + \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{4}(x + 2)}$$

$$y' = \frac{2}{4 + x^2}$$

$$y'(-2) = \frac{1}{4}$$