

$$2g.) \quad h(x) = 15x^4 - x^2 - 2$$

Quadratic
form

$$0 = (3x^2 + 1)(5x^2 - 2)$$
$$\downarrow$$
$$x^2 = \sqrt{-\frac{1}{3}}$$
$$\downarrow$$
$$x^2 = \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \sqrt{5}$$
$$\pm \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}}$$
$$\pm \frac{i\sqrt{3}}{3}$$
$$x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{10}}{5}$$

$$C.) f(x) = x^4 - x^3 - x^2 - x - 2$$

$\pm 1, \pm 2$

$\{-1, 2, \pm i\}$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -2 \\ & -1 & 2 & -1 & 2 \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 2} = 0$$

$$(x^2 + 1)(x - 2) = 0$$

$$x = \pm i \quad x = 2$$

3d.) $\underbrace{3(\text{mult. of 2}), 1+i}_{1-i}$

$$(x-3)^2 \neq x^2 + 9 \quad \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ (x-3)^2(x^2 - 2x + 2) = f(x) \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{Sum: 2} \\ \text{Product: 2} \end{matrix}$$

$$(x^2 - 6x + 9)(x^2 - 2x + 2)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - 2x \quad 2 \\ \hline x^4 - 2x^3 \quad 2x^2 \\ -6x \quad \quad \quad -12x \\ \hline 9 \quad \quad \quad 18 \end{array} \quad f(x) = x^4 - 8x^3 + 23x^2 - 30x + 18$$

C. $\frac{-2}{3}, \sqrt{5}, -\sqrt{5}$

Sum: 0
Product: -5

$$y = (3x+2)(x^2-5)$$

$$(x-\sqrt{5})(x+\sqrt{5})$$

$$5a) f(x) = (x^2 - 1)(x - 2)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \pm 1, 2 \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f(x) = (x-2)^2(x+1)^3$$

$$2b.) \quad 81x^4 - 1$$
$$(9x^2 + 1)(9x^2 - 1)$$

Sketching Polynomial Functions

To sketch a polynomial function you will need...

1. x-intercepts
2. y-intercept
3. end behavior
4. table of values

ex: Sketch.

a) $y = 9x^3 + 18x^2 - x - 2$

a.) x-int.

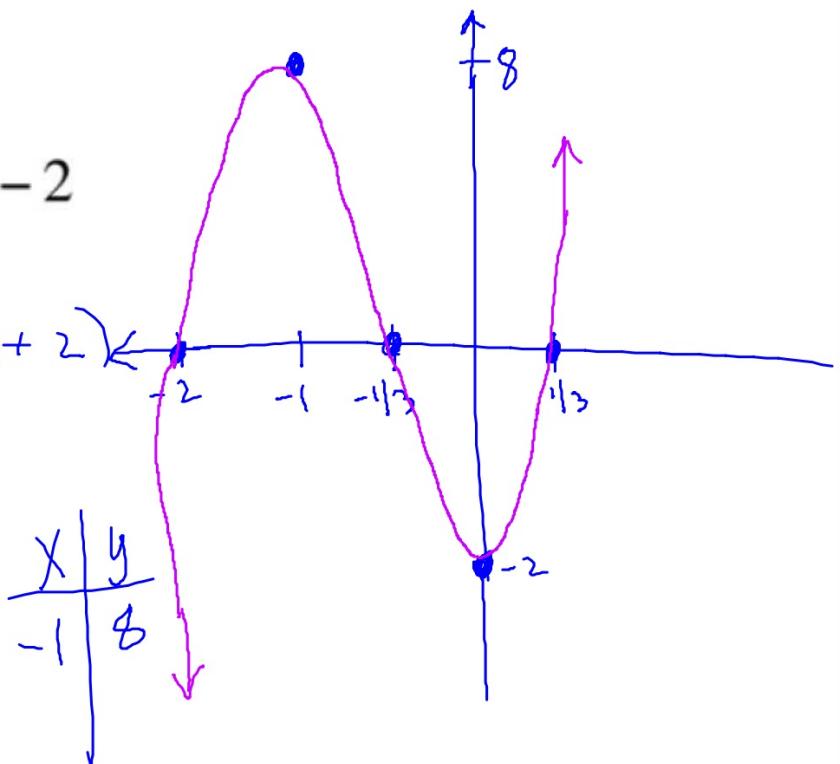
$$0 = (3x-1)(3x+1)(x+2)$$

$$x = \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, -2$$

(all crossing)

b) y-int: -2

c) $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow \infty$



ex: Sketch.

b) $f(x) = -x^4 + 6x^2 - 5 = -(x^4 - 6x^2 + 5)$ $\rightarrow -x^2$

a.) x-int.

$$\pm 1, \pm \sqrt{5}$$

all crossing

b.) y-int.

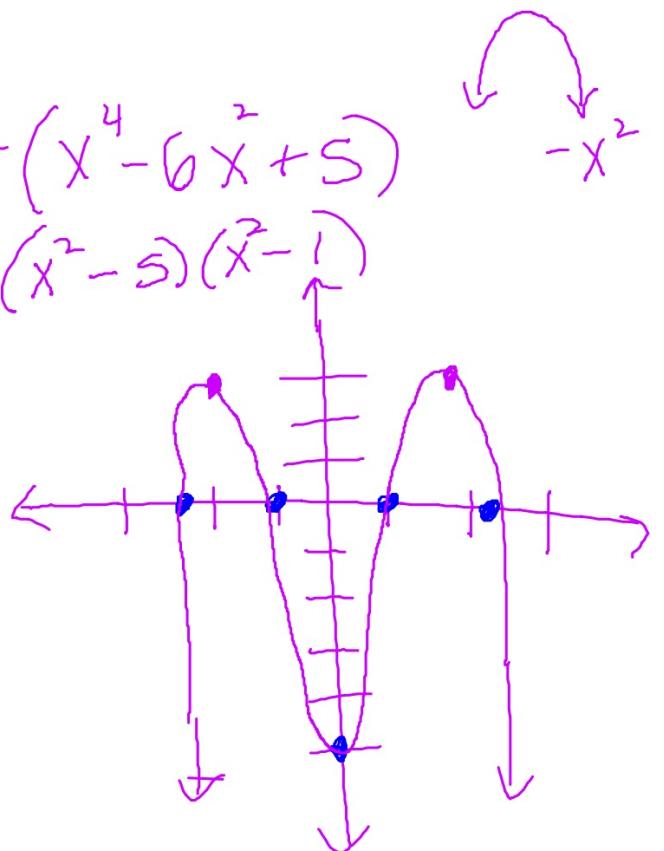
$$(0, -5)$$

d.) $\begin{array}{c|cc} x & y \\ \hline -2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \end{array}$

c.) end behavior

$$x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$$

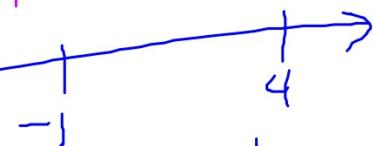
$$x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$$



ex: Sketch.

$$\textcircled{c} \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{5}(x+1)^2(x-2)(x-4)$$

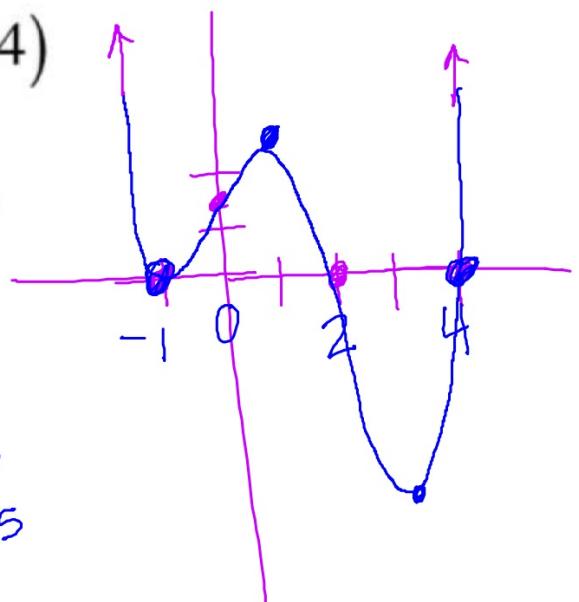
a. $x = -1, 2, 4$
 \uparrow
mult. of 2
 \leftarrow



b. $8/5 = y\text{ int}$
 $(0, 8/5)$

X	Y
1	12/5
3	-16/5

c. $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow \infty$
 $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow \infty$



ex: Sketch.

d) $y = -x^3 + 1 = -(x^2 - 1) = -(x-1)(x^2 + x + 1)$

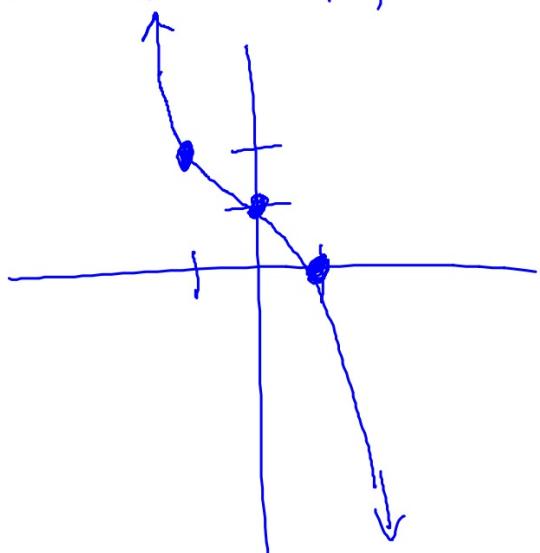
a. x-int:
 $x=1$ $(1, 0)$

b. y-int $(0, 1)$

c. $x \rightarrow -\infty$ $y \rightarrow \infty$
 $x \rightarrow \infty$ $y \rightarrow -\infty$

x	y
-1	+2

$$-(x^3 + 1)$$



ex: Sketch.

e) $g(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2$

ex: Sketch a polynomial function with the given characteristics.

- $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
- $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow \infty$
- 1 negative crossing zero
- 1 positive bouncing zero

REVIEW

ex: Solve.

a) $3 - 81x^3 = 0$

REVIEW

ex: Solve.

b) $x^3 - 8x^2 + 5x + 14 = 0$

REVIEW

ex: Solve.

c) $4x^4 + 34x^2 + 16 = 0$

REVIEW

ex: $f(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 + 7x$

Find $5f(4)$ using synthetic substitution.

REVIEW

ex: $f(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 + 9x + 5$

If $f(1 + \sqrt{2}) = 0$ find all zeros of $f(x)$.

REVIEW

ex: Simplify.

$$\frac{(3x^2y^4z^0)^{-1}}{(2xy^0z)^{-2}(3x^{-1}y^2)}$$

REVIEW

ex: Sketch.

$$y = x^3 - x^2 - 4x + 4$$

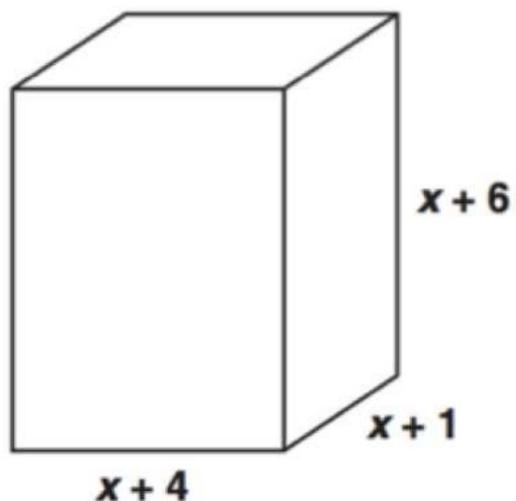
REVIEW

ex: $7^8 - 5x^4 - 6x$

- a) Write in standard form.
- b) Classify by degree and number of terms.
- c) State the end behavior.

REVIEW

ex: What is the volume of the figure below?



REVIEW

$$\text{ex: } \begin{array}{r} x^3 + 7x^2 - 7x + 6 + \frac{4}{2x+7} \\ \hline 2x+7 \Big) 2x^4 + 21x^3 + 35x^2 - 37x + 46 \end{array}$$

REVIEW

ex:

**Which polynomial represents
 $(3x^2 + x - 4)(2x - 5)$?**

- A $6x^3 - 13x^2 - 13x - 20$
- B $6x^3 - 13x^2 - 13x + 20$
- C $6x^3 + 13x^2 + 3x - 20$
- D $6x^3 + 13x^2 + 3x + 20$

REVIEW

ex:

$$(-2x^2 + 6x + 1) - 2(4x^2 - 3x + 1) =$$

A $6x^2 - 1$

B $-10x^2 - 1$

C $6x^2 + 12x - 1$

D $-10x^2 + 12x - 1$

REVIEW

ex:

$$8a^3 + c^3 =$$

- A $(2a + c)(2a + c)(2a + c)$
- B $(2a - c)(4a^2 + 2ac + c^2)$
- C $(2a - c)(4a^2 + 4ac + c^2)$
- D $(2a + c)(4a^2 - 2ac + c^2)$

REVIEW

ex:

**What is the simplest form of
 $\frac{5x^3y + 20x^2y^2 + 20xy^3}{5xy}$?**

A $(x + 2)^2$

B $(x + 2y)^2$

C $x^2 + y^2$

D $x^2 + 4y^2$