

Algebra 1 Honors Review

Day 1

Order of Operations

P arentthesis

E xponents

M ult.

D ivision

A ddition

S ubtraction

left → right

Evaluate. Simplify.

a) $3 + 2(7 - 11) \cdot 8$

$3 + 2(-4) \cdot 8$

$3 + -64$

-61

$\frac{10}{4}$ $\left(\begin{array}{r} 5 \cancel{1} 2 \cancel{1} 5 \\ 2 \cancel{1} 5 \end{array} \right)$

b) $\frac{5 \cdot 7}{20 \div 4 \cdot 3^2}$

$\frac{35}{5 \cdot 9} = \frac{35}{45}$

$= \frac{7}{9}$

$$\rightarrow 4 \cdot (3)^2 = 4 \cdot 9$$

$$(4 \cdot 3)^2 = 12^2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 100 + 50 \cdot 5 \\ 100 + 250 \\ 350 \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (100 + 50) \cdot 5 \\ 150 \cdot 5 \end{array} \right.$$

Evaluate each expression given $x = 5$, $y = \frac{5}{2}$, $z = -3$, $w = -2$

a) $\frac{y^2 + xw}{z}$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 + 5(-2)}{-3}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{25}{4} - 10\right)}{-3} = \frac{\frac{25}{4} - \frac{40}{4}}{-3} = \frac{-\frac{15}{4}}{-3} = \frac{-15}{4} \div -3$$
$$= -\frac{15}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{4}$$

b) $\frac{(xz)^2}{y} - yw^3$

c) $7 - (3w - z)^2$

Evaluate each expression given $x = 5$, $y = \frac{5}{2}$, $z = -3$, $w = -2$

a) $\frac{y^2 + xw}{z}$

b) $\frac{(xz)^2}{y} - yw^3$

c) $7 - (3w - z)^2$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(5 \cdot -3)^2}{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{5}{2}(-2)^3 \\ & 225 \div \frac{5}{2} - \frac{5}{2}(-8) \\ & \left(\frac{225 \cdot 2}{1 \cdot 5} \right) + 20 \\ & 90 + 20 = \boxed{110} \end{aligned}$$

Evaluate each expression given $x = 5$, $y = \frac{5}{2}$, $z = -3$, $w = -2$

a) $\frac{y^2 + xw}{z}$

b) $\frac{(xz)^2}{y} - yw^3$

$$7 - (3(-2) - (-3))^2$$
$$7 - (-6 + 3)^2$$
$$7 - (-3)^2$$
$$7 - 9 = -2$$

c) $7 - (3w - z)^2$

$$=$$

Solve.

$$\text{a) } 7x + 3(x - 4) = 7 + 2(x + 11)$$

$$\underline{7x + 3x} - 12 = \underline{7} + \underline{2x} + \underline{22}$$

$$\underline{10x} - 12 = \underline{2x} + \underline{29}$$

$$-2x \quad +12 \quad -2x \quad +12$$

$$\underline{8x} = \underline{\frac{41}{8}}$$

$$x = 5\frac{1}{8} = 5.125$$

$$\text{b) } \frac{2}{3}(b + 6) = 7\left(\frac{b}{4} - 3\right)$$

$$12\left(\frac{2}{3}b + 4\right) = 7\left(\frac{b}{4} - 21\right)$$

$$8b + 48 = 21b - 252$$

$$-21b - 48 \quad -21b - 48$$

$$-13b = -300$$

$$b = \frac{300}{13}$$

c) ~~$6 \cdot \frac{11x-14}{2x+5}$~~

$$6(2x+5) = 11x-14$$

$$12x+30 = 11x-14$$

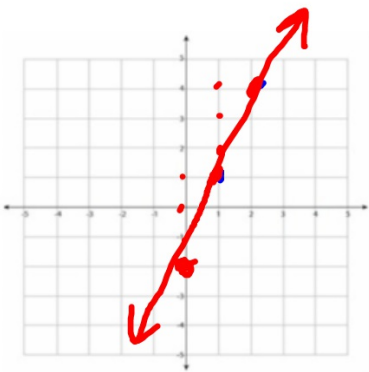
$$x = -44$$

Sketch each line.

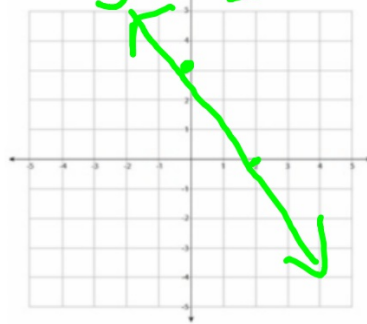
a) $y = 3x - 2$
↑ =

x	y
1	1
2	4

$y = mx + b$



b) $3x + 2y = 6$
 ~~$-3x$~~ $-3x$
 $\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-3x+6}{2}$
 $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 3$

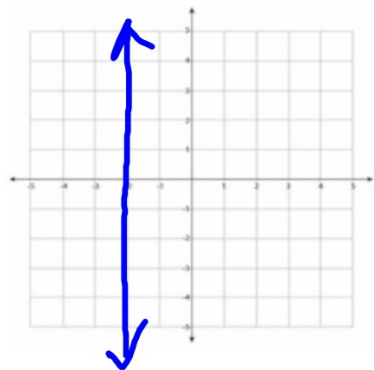
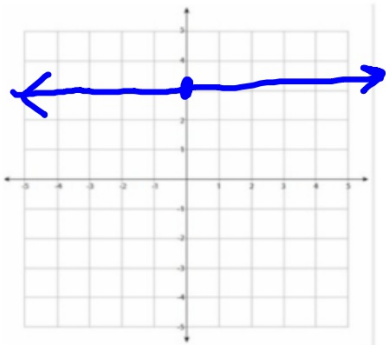


c) $y = 3$
 $y = 0x + 3$

HOY
↑
zero
slope

V
V
X ← undefined

d) $x = -2$



$$1) \quad \frac{3 - \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{\left(\frac{3}{1} - \frac{1}{4}\right)}{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{\frac{12}{4} - \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{11}{4} \div \frac{2}{3} &= \frac{11}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \\ &= \frac{33}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{12 \left(3 - \frac{1}{4} \right)}{12 \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)}$$

$$\frac{12}{12} = 1$$

$$\frac{36 - 3}{4 \cdot 2} = \frac{33}{8}$$