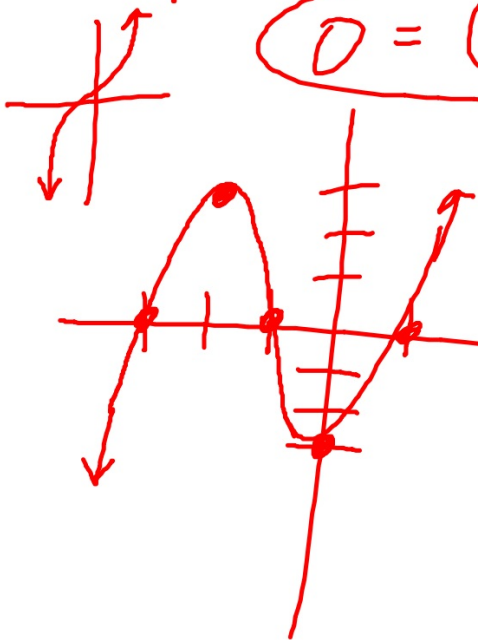


g.) $f(x) = x^2(x+3) - 1(x+3)$

$D = (x-1)(x+1)(x+3)$



x	y
-2	3

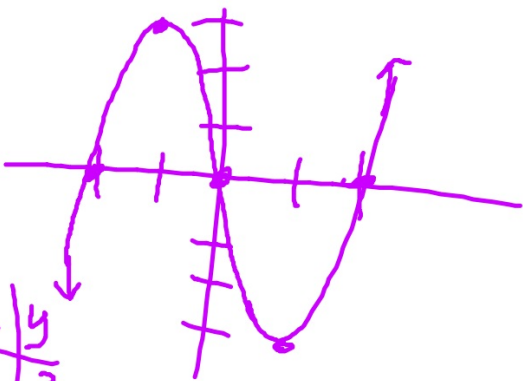
$(x^2 - 1)$

$f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - x - 3$

-2	1	3	-1	-3
		-2	-2	6
	1	1	-3	3

$$6) \quad f(x) = x^3 - 4x$$
$$f(x) = x(x^2 - 4)$$

$$x = 0, 2, -2$$



x	y
-1	3
1	-3

$$y = (x-1)^{(2)}(x+1)^{(3)}$$

$$8) h(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 1 & 1 & -2 & -3 & 2 & 2 \\ & & 1 & -1 & -4 & -2 \\ \hline & 1 & -1 & -4 & -2 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\{-1, 1\}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -1 & 1 & -1 & -4 & -2 \\ & & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & -2 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4+8}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{3}}{2} = 1 \pm \sqrt{3}$$

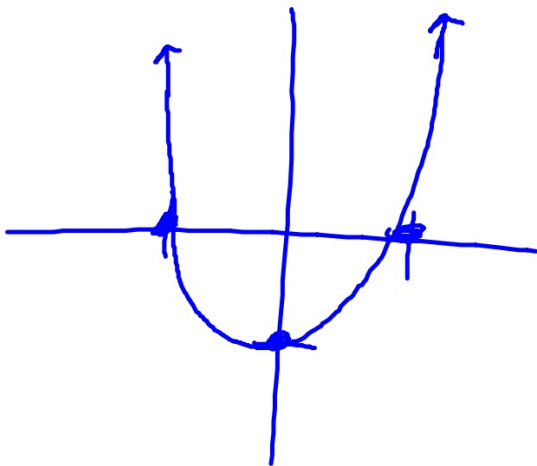
$$1 + \sqrt{3} = 2.7$$

$$1 - \sqrt{3} = -.7$$



x	y
2	-6

$$11.) f(x) = x^4 - 1$$
$$0 = (x^2 + 1)(x + 1)(x - 1)$$



$$7.) y = \frac{-1}{5} x(x-4)^2$$

a.) 0, 4
cross brace

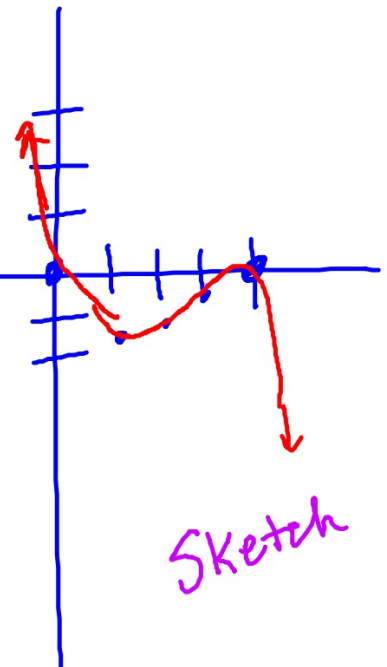
b.) $y = 0$

d.) $\uparrow \downarrow$

$$x \rightarrow -\infty \quad y \rightarrow \infty$$

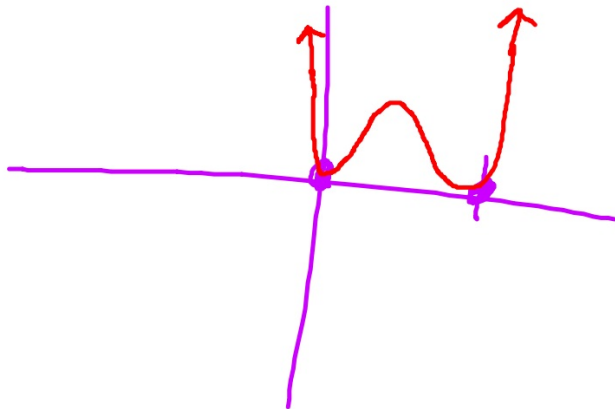
$$x \rightarrow \infty \quad y \rightarrow -\infty$$

x	y
1	$-\frac{9}{5}$
2	$-\frac{8}{5}$
3	$-\frac{3}{5}$



$$\begin{aligned} 12.) \quad f(x) &= x^2 (x^2 - 2x + 1) \\ &= x^2 (x-1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$x=0$ bounce
 $x=1$ bounce



$$25.) f(x) = 18x^4 - 54x^2 + 40$$

$$0 = 2(9x^4 - 27x^2 + 20)$$

$$0 = 2(3x^2 - 5)(3x^2 - 4)$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{5}{3}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3} \quad x = \pm \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$26.) f(x) = 64x^7 + x^4$$

$$0 = x^4(64x^3 + 1)$$

$$0 = x^4(4x+1)(16x^2 - 4x + 1)$$

0, mult. of 4
-1/4

$$\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{-48}}{32}$$

$$\frac{4 \pm 4i\sqrt{3}}{32} = \frac{1 \pm i\sqrt{3}}{8}$$

$$27.) f(x) = 6x^3 + 5x^2 - 9x + 2$$

(2/3)	6	5	-9	2
	4	6	-2	
	6	9	-3	0

$$6x^2 + 9x - 3 = 0$$

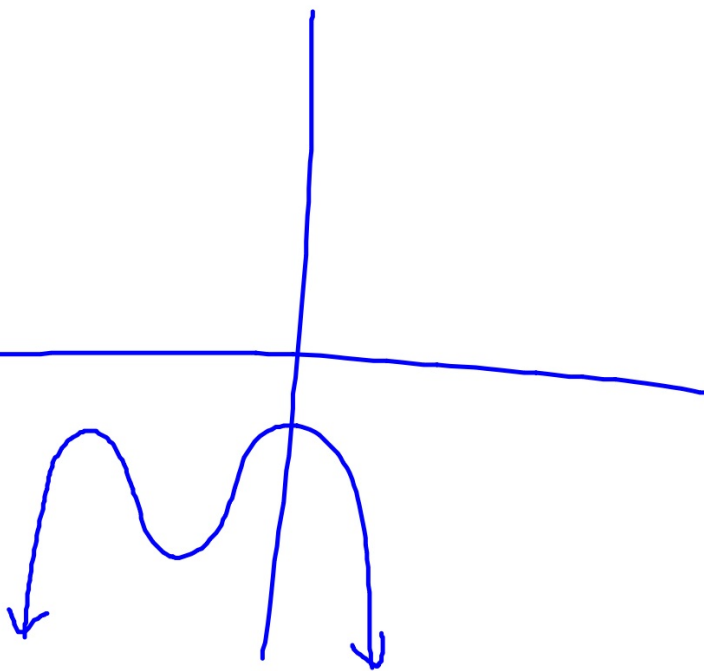
$$3(2x^2 + 3x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$$

14.)

$\oplus X^4$

3 turns



$$\cancel{4x^4 + 8x^3 - 37x^2 - 74x + 13}$$

$$2x^2 + 4x - \frac{37}{2} - \left(\frac{37}{x}\right) + \left(\frac{13}{2x^2}\right) \quad x^{-1}$$

$$x^2 - \sqrt{3}x + 7\sqrt{3}$$
$$x^2 - 3ix + 7x$$

Laws of exponents

Add, subtract, multiply and divide polynomials

Synthetic/direct substitution

Solving polynomial equations

factor sum and difference of cubes

Sketch polynomial functions

$$2.) \frac{3 \cancel{2}^0 y^2 x^1}{(\cancel{2}^1 x^1)(4x^2 y)} \div \frac{(2x^{-4})^3}{2y^{-4}}$$

$$\frac{3xy^2}{8x^3 y} \cdot \frac{2y^4}{(2x^{-4})^3 y^4}$$

$$\frac{3y}{8x} \cdot \frac{2x^{12}}{48y^4}$$

$$\frac{3yx^{12}}{32xy^4}$$

$$\frac{3x^{11}}{32y^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 5. \quad h - f \\ & (x-3) - (9-x^2) \\ & x^2 + x - 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$4.) \quad 4x^4 - 7x^3 + 6x^2 - 5$$

$$8g(2)$$

$$2 \mid 4 \quad -7 \quad 6 \quad 0 \quad -5$$

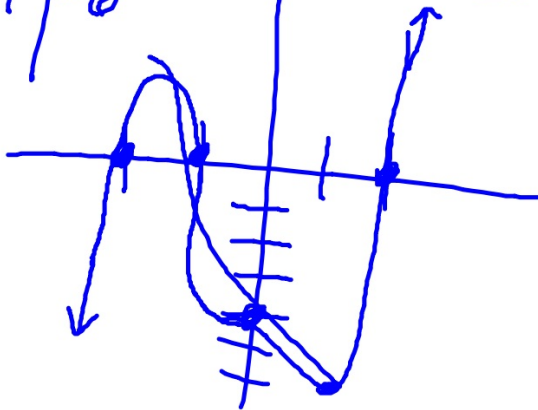


19.) $f(x) = x^3(x^2-4) + 1(x^2-4)$

$0 = (x^3+1)(x+2)(x-2)$

$0 = (x+1)(x^2-x+1)(x+2)(x-2)$

x	y
1	-6



29) $f(2-i) = 0$ $f(x) = x^5 - 6x^4 + 11x^3 - x^2 - 14x + 5$

$x^3 - 2x^2 - 2x + 1$

$2-i, 2+i$

$x^2 - 4x + 5$

Sum: 4 - 4

Product: 5

$(x^2 - 4x + 5)$

$2+i, 2-i,$
 $-1,$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^5 - 6x^4 + 11x^3 - x^2 - 14x + 5 \\ - (x^5 - 4x^4 + 5x^3) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x^4 + 6x^3 - x^2 \\ - (-2x^4 + 8x^3 - 10x^2) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x^3 + 9x^2 - 14x \\ - (-2x^3 + 8x^2 - 10x) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - 4x + 5 \\ - (x^2 - 4x + 5) \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -1 & 1 & -2 & -2 & 1 \\ & & -1 & 3 & -1 \\ \hline & 1 & -3 & 1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$
↑

$$27.) f(x) = 6x^3 + 5x^2 - 9x + 2$$

$$\frac{P}{q} : \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm \frac{1}{3}, \pm \frac{1}{6}, \pm \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 2/3 & 6 & 5 & -9 & 2 \\ & & 4 & 6 & -2 \\ \hline & 6 & 9 & -3 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$6x^2 + 9x - 3 = 0$$

$$3(2x^2 + 3x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4}$$

find all zeros

$$25.) f(x) = 18x^4 - 54x^2 + 40$$

$$26.) f(x) = 64x^7 + x^4$$

$$25) 0 = 2(9x^4 - 27x^2 + 20)$$

$$0 = 2(3x^2 - 4)(3x^2 - 5)^*$$

3 3
4 5

$$3x^2 = 4$$
$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}$$
$$x = \pm \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$3x^2 = 5$$
$$x^2 = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{15}}{3}$$

$$26.) = x^4(64x^3 + 1)$$

$$0 = x^4(4x+1)(16x^2 - 4x + 1)$$

↓

$$x = 0$$

m. of 4

$$x = -\frac{1}{4}$$

↓

$$x = \frac{1 \pm i\sqrt{3}}{8}$$

$$\frac{4x^4 + 8x^3 - 37x^2 - 74x + 13}{2x^2}$$

$$\frac{4x^4}{2x^2} + \frac{8x^3}{2x^2} - \frac{37x^2}{2x^2} - \frac{74x}{2x^2} + \frac{13}{2x^2}$$
$$2x^2 + 4x - \frac{37}{2} - \frac{37}{x} + \frac{13}{2x^2}$$