Set & Interval Notation, Solving Inequalities



*See printout.

HW:

HW Day 1: Inequalities/Set&Interval Notation

Syllabus and Worksheets on my website: mrsdelvalle.weebly.com

Set Notation

<u>Set Notation</u> - A Set is a collection of things (usually numbers). Example: {5, 7, 11} is a set. But we can also "build" a set by describing what is in it. Here is a simple example of set-builder notation:

bracket X | X>0 }

bracket X such X is greater

Hhat than zero

a)
$$n \le 40$$

b)
$$z < 2$$
 or $z \ge 5$

$$\{Z \mid Z < 2 \text{ or } Z \ge 5\}$$



c) domain: the set of even numbers from 1 to 10 inclusively

$$\{2,4,6,8,10\}$$
 $\{2,4,6,8,10\}$
include
 $\{x \mid x=2,4,6,8,10\}$

d) range: all numbers greater than 5

e) all numbers (y) at most 7

$$\{y \mid y \leq 7\}$$

f) the set of real numbers (x)

{x|xER}

I "is an element of"

g.) {x | x = _ }

g)
$$3x - (5-5x) = -13$$

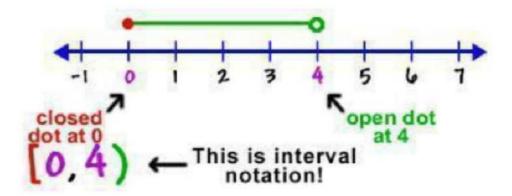
 $3x - 1(5-5x) = -13$
 $3x - 5 + 5x = -13$
 $8x - 5 = -13$
 $8x = -8$
 $x = -1$

h) Domain: the empty set

Interval Notation

<u>Interval Notation</u> - A notation for representing an interval as a pair of numbers. The numbers are the endpoints of the interval.

*Parentheses and/or brackets are used to show whether the endpoints are excluded or included.



Parentheses, (), indicate a quantity is <u>CXClVded</u>.

Brackets, [], indicate a quantity is <u>Included</u>.

When using infinity or negative infinity always use a parenthesis.

Examples of interval notation:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
(1,3) & [5,6) \\
-\frac{1}{2},0 \end{bmatrix} & (1,\infty) \\
(-4,7] & (-\infty,0]$$



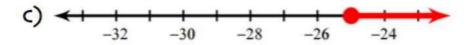
[-6,0)

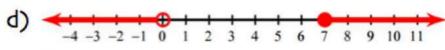
small # first

b)
$$\leftarrow 12 -10 -8 -6 -4 -2$$

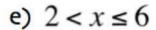
 $(-\infty, -5)$

(-5/- pp)

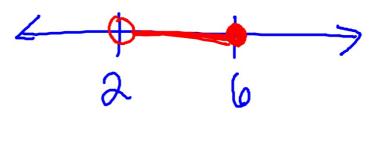




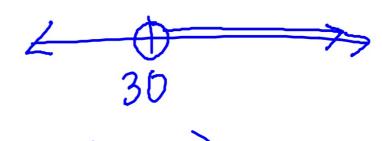




(2,6]



f) x > 30



9) $y \le 40$



h) the set of real numbers



i) no greater than -25



j) $z \le 6$ or z > 17

$$(-\infty, 6] \cup (17, \infty)$$

k)
$$n=3$$

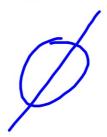
3

$$||n \neq 3||$$

$$||Se + (-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)|$$

$$||Sn ||n + 3||$$

m) domain: the empty set



a)
$$6-4(6x+7) \ge 122$$

$$6 - 24x - 28 \ge 122$$

$$-24x - 22 > 122 +22 -24x > 144 -24 -24$$

$$-24x = 144$$
 $x \leq -6$

SET $\left\{ \begin{array}{c|c} X & X \leq -6 \end{array} \right\}$ INTERVAL $\left(-\infty, -6\right)$

b)
$$-8x + 2x - 16 < -5x + 7x$$



SET	INTERVAL

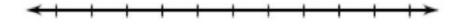
c)
$$-5x + 6 \le -7(5x - 6) - 6x$$



SET	INTERVAL

ex: Solve. Express the solution in set and interval notation d) $7(5+6x) \le 6(7x+8)-5$ $35+42x \le 42x+48-5$ $35+42x \le 42x+43$ $-42x \le 42x+43$ $-42x \le 43x+43$ $35 \le 43x = 43x =$

e)
$$3x + 4 > \frac{1}{2}$$



SET	INTERVAL	