

You know you have a binomial probability distribution if:

- 1) Fixed number of trials.
- 2) Trials are independent
- 3)Trials have 2 catergories
- 4)Probabilities stay the same for each trial.

()Binompdf:

for particular probability values

exactly 2 correct

2 Binomcdf: for cumulative probability values

inequalities less than 2 more than 2 If you toss a coin 5 times, find the probability you toss

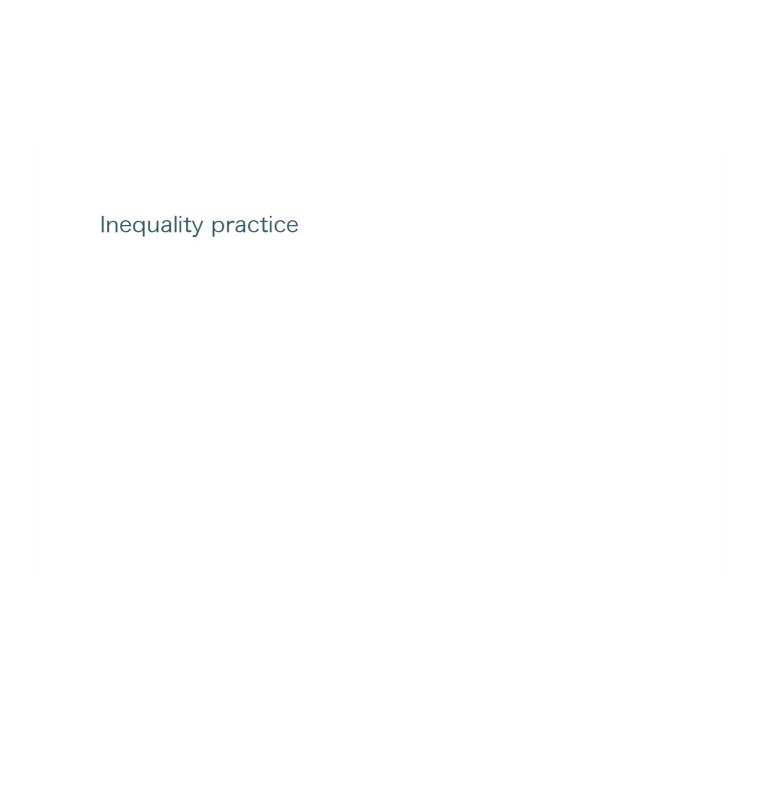
Exactly 3 tails
$$P(3) = binner + (5, .5, 3) = .313$$

 $P(3) = binner + (5, .5, 3) = .313$
 $P(3) = 5 \cdot (3) = (5, .5, 3) = .313$

Exactly 0 tails
$$P(b) = binampdf (5, \frac{1}{2}, b) = .0313$$

$$P(0) = {}_{5}C_{0}(\frac{1}{2})^{o}(\frac{1}{2})^{o}$$

Exactly 4 tails
$$p(4) = bpdf(5, \frac{1}{2}, 4) = .156$$



more than 3



at least 5



less than 4

at most 7



no more than 2



You take a 5 question multiple choice test. There are 4 answer choices for each question What's the probability that you get

What's the probability that you get less than 2 correct
$$P(\Gamma < 2) = bcdf(5, 14, 1) = .633$$

$$P(r < 2) = P(b) + P(1)$$

= $5C_0(4)(\frac{3}{4}) + sC_1(4)(\frac{3}{4}) = 1033$

You take a 5 question multiple choice test. There are 4 answer choices for each question What's the probability that you get

at most 3 correct
$$012345$$

$$P(r \leq 3) = bcdf(5, 1/4, 3) = .984$$

You take a 6 question multiple choice test. There are 4 answer choices for each question

What's the probability that you get

You take a 6 question multiple choice test. There are 4 answer choices for each question

What's the probability that you get

$$\Lambda = 6$$
, $P = 4$
More than 3 correct $0 / 2 3/4 5$

$$P(r>3) = 1 - bcdf(6, 1/4, 3)$$

= .0376