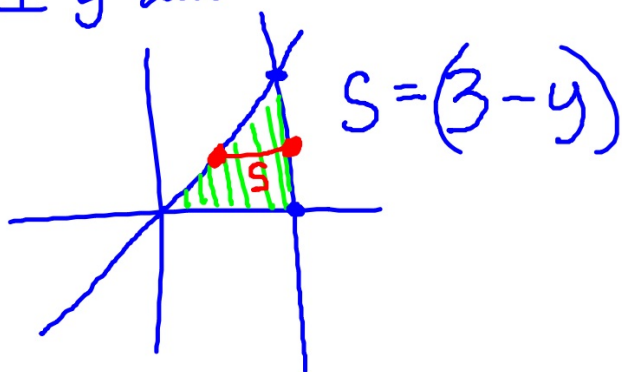


**Be able to graph functions from the  
Library of Functions including  $\sin x$ ,  $\cos x$ ,  $\tan x$**

⑤  $y = x$   
 $y = 0$   
 $x = 3$

squares  
⊥ y-axis



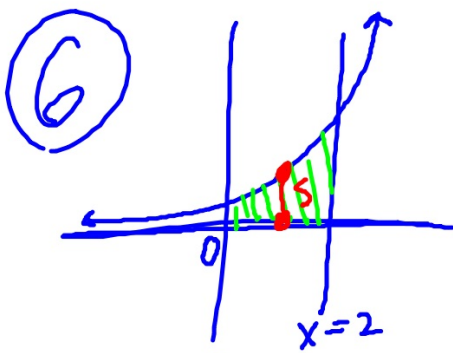
$$\int s^2 dy = \int_0^3 (3-y)^2 dy$$

$$u = 3 - y$$
$$du = -1 dy$$

$$-\int u^2 du = -\frac{u^3}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3}(3-y)^3 \Big|_0^3$$

$$-\frac{1}{3}(0 - 27) = \textcircled{9}$$



$$y = e^x$$

$$y = 0 \quad x = 2$$

⊥ x-axis  
semicircles

$$S = e^x - 0$$

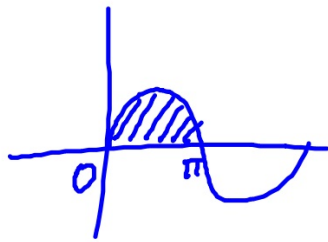
$$\int_0^2 \frac{\pi}{8} S^2 dx = \frac{\pi}{8} \int_0^2 (e^x)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{8} \int_0^2 e^{2x} dx \quad \begin{array}{l} u = 2x \\ du = 2dx \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int e^u du = \frac{\pi}{16} e^u$$

$$\frac{\pi}{16} e^{2x} \Big|_0^2 = \frac{\pi}{16} (e^4 - 1)$$

③  $y = \sin x$   
 $x = \pi$



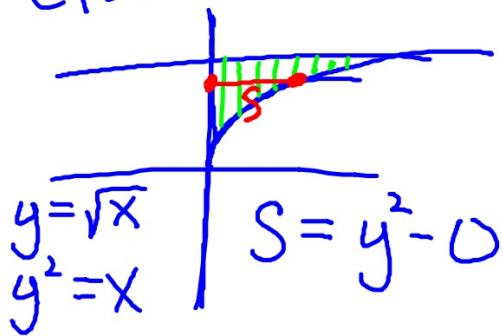
⊥ x-axis  
squares

$$S = \sin x - 0$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} S^2 dx = \int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 x dx$$

(8)  $y = \sqrt{x}$   
 $x = 0$   
 $y = 2$

⊥ y-axis  
 equil Δ.

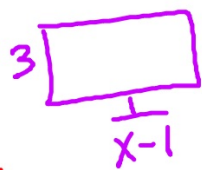
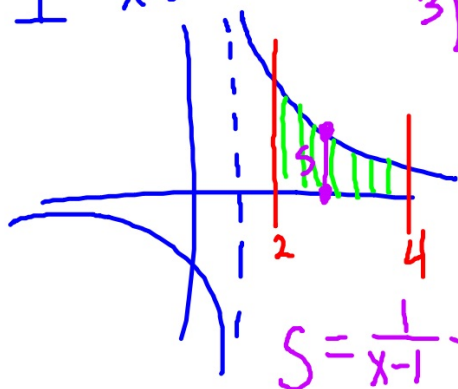


$$\int_0^2 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} s^2 dy = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \int_0^2 (y^2)^2 dy$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \int_0^2 y^4 dy$$

⑦ Q1  $\frac{1}{x-1}$   
 $x=2$   $x=4$

rect.  $h=3$   
 $\perp$  x-axis



$$\int_2^4 C \cdot S dx = \int_2^4 3 \left( \frac{1}{x-1} \right) dx$$

$$= 3 \ln |x-1| \Big|_2^4$$

$$= 3 \ln 3$$

$$= \ln 27$$

④  $y = \sqrt{x-3}$   
 $x$ -axis  
 $x=7$

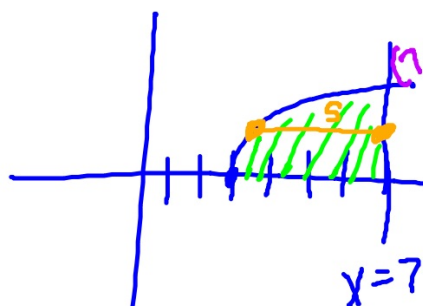
$\perp$   $y$ -axis  
 equil.  $\Delta$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} S^2 dy$$

$$y^2 = x - 3$$

$$y^2 + 3 = x$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \int_0^2 (4 - y^2)^2 dy$$



$$S = \text{right-left}$$

$$S = 7 - (y^2 + 3)$$

$$S = (4 - y^2)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad y = x^3 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt[3]{y}$$

$$y = 0$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\frac{\pi}{8} \int_0^8 (2 - \sqrt[3]{y})^2 dy$$

⊥ y-axis  
semicircles

