

## 4.3

## Riemann Sums and Definite Integrals

indefinite

$$\int (x+1) dx$$

answer is an  
expression

definite

$$\int_2^5 (x+1) dx$$

answer is a  
number

## Definite Integral Properties

$$\textcircled{1} \int_a^a f(x) dx = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \int_a^b k f(x) dx = k \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

$$* \textcircled{3} \int_a^b (f(x) + g(x)) dx = \int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_a^b g(x) dx$$

$$\textcircled{4} \int_a^b f(x) dx = - \int_b^a f(x) dx$$

$$\textcircled{5} \int_a^c f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_b^c f(x) dx$$

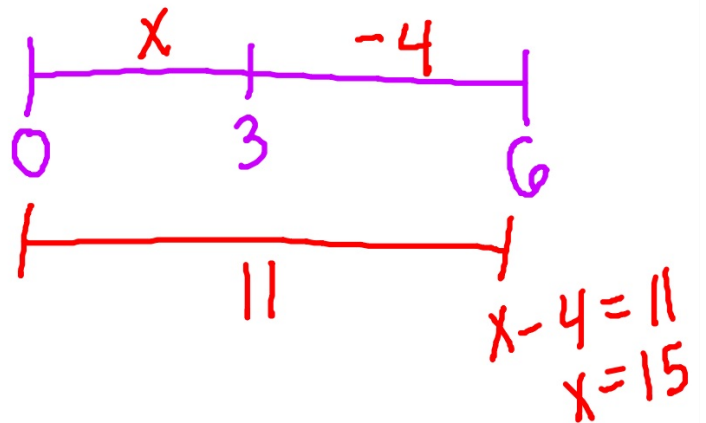
#1  $\int_3^6 f(x) dx = -4$        $\int_0^6 f(x) dx = 11$

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a.)  $\int_3^6 f(x) dx = 4$

b.)  $\int_0^6 3f(x) dx = 33$

c.)  $\int_0^3 f(x) dx = 15$



#2 Evaluate  $\int_1^3 (-x^2 + 4x - 3) dx$  using each of the following values.

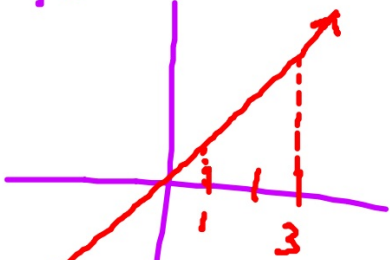
$$\int_1^3 x^2 dx = \frac{26}{3}, \quad \int_1^3 x dx = 4, \quad \int_1^3 dx = 2$$

$$\int_1^3 -x^2 dx + \int_1^3 4x dx + \int_1^3 -3 dx$$
$$-\int_1^3 x^2 dx + 4 \int_1^3 x dx - 3 \int_1^3 dx$$

$$-\frac{26}{3} + 16 - 6 = -\frac{26}{3} + 10 = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\int_1^3 x dx$$

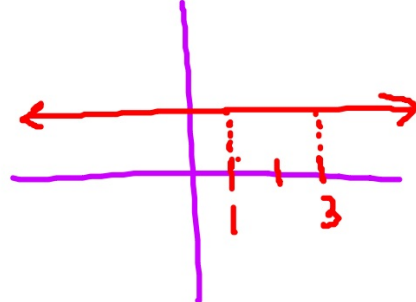
$$f(x) = x$$



$$\frac{1}{2} h (b_1 + b_2)$$
$$\frac{1}{2} (2) (1 + 3)$$
$$4$$

$$\int_1^3 dx$$

$$f(x) = 1$$



$$bh$$
$$(2)(1)$$
$$2$$