

1.4

Continuity and One-Sided Limits

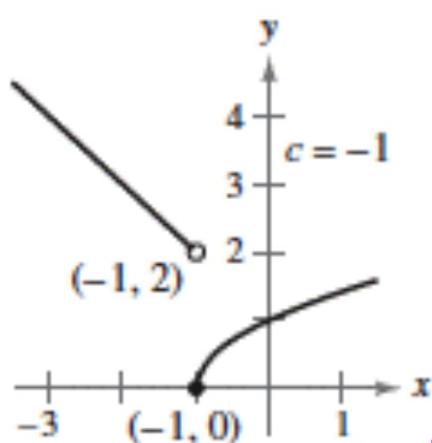
- Determine continuity at a point and continuity on an open interval.
- Determine one-sided limits and continuity on a closed interval.
- Use properties of continuity.
- Understand and use the Intermediate Value Theorem.

One-sided Limits

Evaluate.

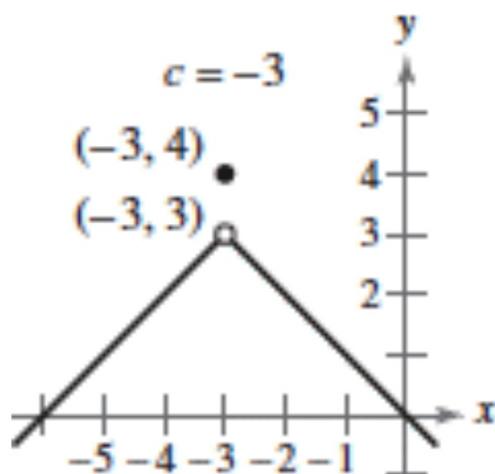
$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} f(x) \quad (b) \lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} f(x) \quad (c) \lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)$$

Ex 1



a.) 0 b.) 2 c.) dne

Ex 2



a.) 3 b.) 3 c.) 3

Ex 3

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} \frac{x-3}{x^2-9}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} \frac{x-3}{(x-3)(x+3)}$$

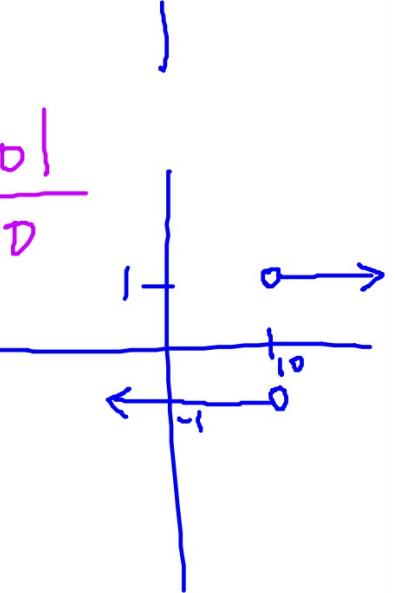
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} \frac{1}{x+3}$$

$\frac{1}{-2.99+3} = \frac{1}{.01} = 100$

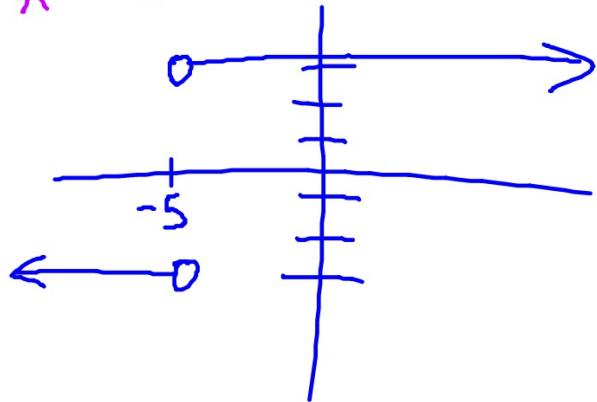
Ex 4

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 10^+} \frac{|x-10|}{x-10}$$

$$\frac{|10.1-10|}{10.1-10}$$

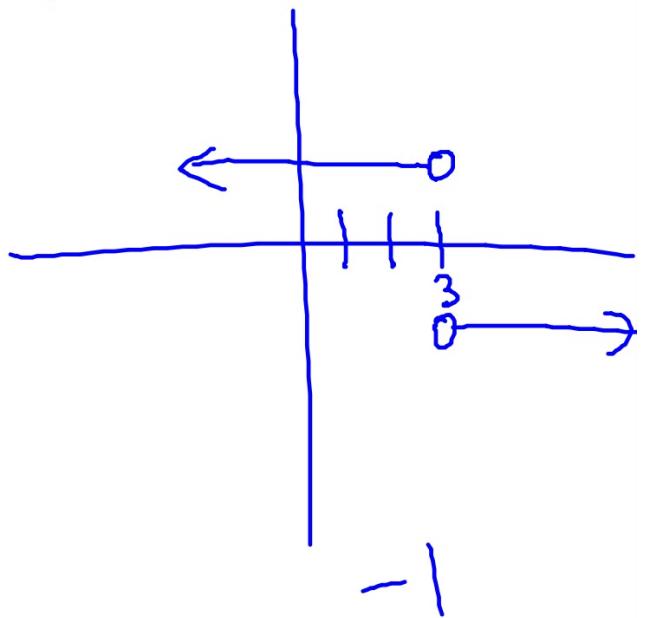


$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -5^-} \frac{3|x+5|}{x+5}$$



-3

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{|3-x|}{3-x}$$



-1

Ex 5

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x), \text{ where } f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 4x + 6, & x < 2 \\ -x^2 + 4x - 2, & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = 2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = 2$$

Ex 6

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} (2x - \lfloor x \rfloor)$$

Ex 6

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} (2x - \lfloor x \rfloor) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \lfloor x \rfloor$$

p.78

| - 6 All

| 7 - 23 odd

$$= 4 - 2$$

$$= 2$$

