

## 7.2: Volume by cross section

You will be given:

- base (determined by region enclosed by functions)
- geometric shape
- perpendicular to x-axis or y-axis

$$\int_a^b \text{Area } dx$$

⊥ x-axis

$$\int_a^b \text{Area } dy$$

⊥ y-axis

# Geometric Shapes

Square  $S^2$

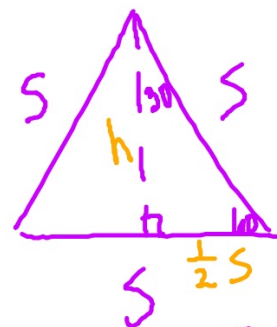
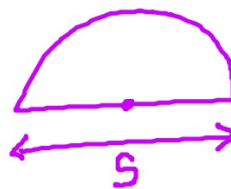
Rectangle  $lw$

Equilateral triangle  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} S^2$

Semi-circles  $\frac{\pi}{8} S^2$

Isosceles Right Triangles (hypotenuse on base)  $\frac{1}{4} S^2$

Isosceles Right Triangles (leg on base)  $\frac{1}{2} S^2$

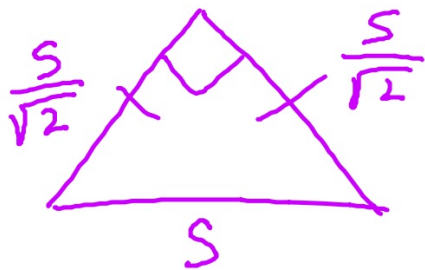


$$h = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} S$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (S) \left( \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} S \right)$$

$$A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} S^2$$

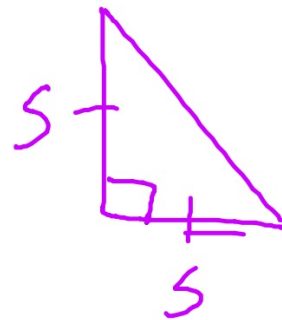
hyp. on base



$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{S}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{S}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} S^2$$

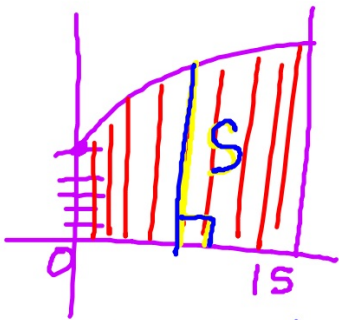
leg on base



$$\frac{1}{2} S^2$$

$$\textcircled{1} f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} + 5 \quad [0, 15]$$

⊥ x-axis (squares)



$$S = \text{Top} - \text{Bottom}$$

$$S = (2\sqrt{x} + 5 - 0)$$

$$\int_0^{15} \text{Area } dx = \int_0^{15} S^2 dx$$

$$\int_0^{15} (2\sqrt{x} + 5)^2 dx = 1599.596$$

or  
1599.597

$$\textcircled{2} \quad f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} + 5 \quad [0, 15]$$

⊥ x-axis semicircle

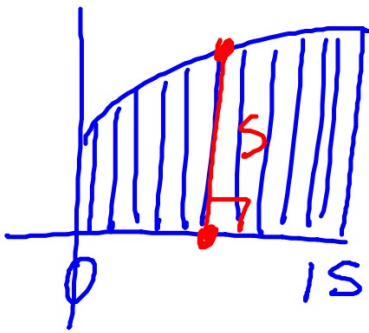


$$S = 2\sqrt{x} + 5$$

$$\frac{\pi}{8} \int_0^{15} (2\sqrt{x} + 5)^2 dx = 628.160$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} + 5 \quad [0, 15]$$

⊥ x-axis rectangle of height 4



$$s = 2\sqrt{x} + 5$$

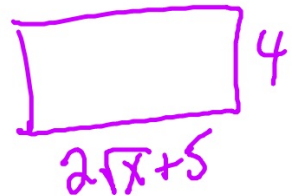
$$lw = (2\sqrt{x} + s) \cdot 4$$

$$s = 4$$

$$\int_0^{15} \text{Area} \, dx = \int_0^{15} (2\sqrt{x} + 5) \cdot 4 \, dx$$

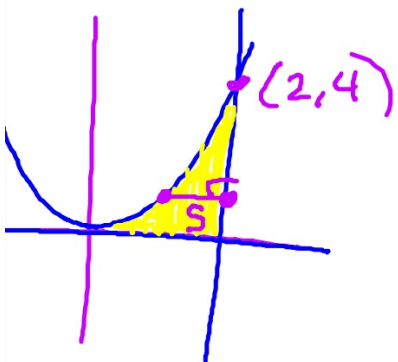
$$609.838$$

$$\text{or} \\ 609.839$$



④ Base enclosed by  $y = x^2$ ,  $y = 0$ , and  $x = 2$

⊥ y-axis semicircles



$$\int_0^4 \left( 2 - \sqrt{y} \right) dy$$

1.047

$$\sqrt{y} = \sqrt{x^2}$$
$$\sqrt{y} = x$$

$$S = \text{Right} - \text{left}$$

$$S = 2 - \sqrt{y}$$

Let R be the region in the first and second quadrant bounded above by the graph of  $y = \frac{20}{1+x^2}$  and below by the horizontal line  $y = 2$ .

$$2007: 2.74$$

The region R is the base of a solid. For this solid, the cross sections perpendicular to the x-axis are semicircles. Find the volume.

$$\frac{\pi}{8} \int_{-3}^3 \left( \frac{20}{1+x^2} - 2 \right) dx = 174.268$$