2.7: Related Rates

Steps to solving a related rate problem

- 1) Draw a picture of the physical situation. Write down the given rates and values.
- 2) Write an equation that relates the quantities of intereset.
- 3) Take the derivative with respect to time of both sides of the equation.
- 4) Solve for the quanitity needed.

1) Find the derivative with respect to time.

$$\begin{pmatrix} x^2 + y^2 - 2y - 4x = 0 \end{pmatrix} \frac{d}{dt}$$

$$2x\frac{dx}{dt} + 2y\frac{dy}{dt} - 2\frac{dy}{dt} - 4\frac{dx}{dt} = 0$$

2) Air is being pumped into a spherical balloon at a rate of 5 cm³/min. Find the rate of change of the radius when the diameter of the balloon is 20 cm.

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{dt} \Big|_{d=20\text{cm}} =$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{3}{3} \pi \right)^{3}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{4}{3} \pi \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{d\Gamma}{dt}$$

$$5 = \frac{4}{3} \pi \cdot 3 \cdot (10)^{2} \cdot \frac{d\Gamma}{dt}$$

$$\frac{5}{4000} \cdot \frac{10}{3} \cdot \frac{d\Gamma}{dt}$$

3)) A circle's area is increasing at a rate of 5 in²/min. At what rate is the radius increasing when the circumference is 40π in.

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{\sin^2/\min}{\cot \frac{dC}{dt}} = \frac{1}{\cot \frac$$

4) The altitude of a triangle is increasing at a rate of 1cm/min while the area of the triangle is increasing at a rate of 2cm²/min. At what rate is the base of the triangle changing when the altitude is 10cm and the area is 100cm².

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = |cm| min.$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2cm^{2} |min.$$

$$\frac{db}{dt} = \frac{1}{abn} \frac{d}{dt} \left(A = \frac{1}{abn} b \right)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{abn} \frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{1}{abn} \frac{dA}{dt}$$

A 5 foot ladder is leaning against the side of a house when its base starts to slide away. By the time the base is 3 feet from the house, the base is moving at a rate of 1/4 ft/sec. How fast is the top of the ladder sliding down the wall at that moment?

6) Two cars start at the same point. One travels south at 60km/h and the other travels west at 25km/h. At what rate is the distance between them increasing two hours later?

25 km/hr 25 km 25 km -120

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -60 \text{ km/hr} \frac{dx}{dt} = -25 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(x^{2} + y^{2} = c^{2} \right)$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 2c \frac{dc}{dt}$$

$$(50)(-25) + (-120)(-60) = 130 \frac{dc}{dt}$$

$$(5 \text{ km/h} = \frac{dc}{dt})$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{y - x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}}{y^2}$$

$$= \frac{y - x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}}{y^2} = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{y^3} = -\frac{(x^2 - y^2)}{y^3}$$

$$= \frac{y^2 - x^2}{y^3} = -\frac{(x^2 - y^2)}{y^3}$$

25b.)
$$16y^{2} - x^{2} = 16$$

hyp.

 $y = \pm \sqrt{16+x^{2}}$
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