

$$19.) y = \frac{1}{2}(x-5)^2 - 100$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2}(x-5)^2 - 100$$

$$100 = \frac{1}{2}(x-5)^2$$

$$200 = (x-5)^2$$

$$18.) \quad 5(2x-3)^2 + 4 = -56$$

$$\sqrt{(2x-3)^2} = \sqrt{-12}$$

$$2x-3 = \pm 2i\sqrt{3}$$

$$2x = \frac{3 \pm 2i\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \pm i\sqrt{3}$$

$$16.) \quad -3x^2 - 10x + 8 = 0$$

$$-1(3x^2 + 10x - 8) = 0$$

$$-1(3x - 2)(x + 4) = 0$$

$$x = 2/3, -4$$

$$12.) \quad 12x^2 - 4x = 5$$

$$12x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$$

$$(2x + 1)(6x - 5)$$

$\frac{20}{2}$

discriminant

0 or perfect square

factorable

$$(-4)^2 - 4(12)(-5)$$

$$16 + 240$$

$$256$$

## Quadratic Word Problems

### Consecutive Integers

$$X, X+1, X+2, X+3, \dots$$

### Consecutive odd integers

$$X, X+2, X+4, X+6, \dots$$

### consecutive even integers

$$X, X+2, X+4, X+6, \dots$$

1) Find the largest possible three consecutive integers such that the product of the first and the second is equal to the product of -6 and the third.

$$x, x+1, x+2$$

$$x(x+1) = -6(x+2)$$

$$x^2 + x = -6x - 12$$

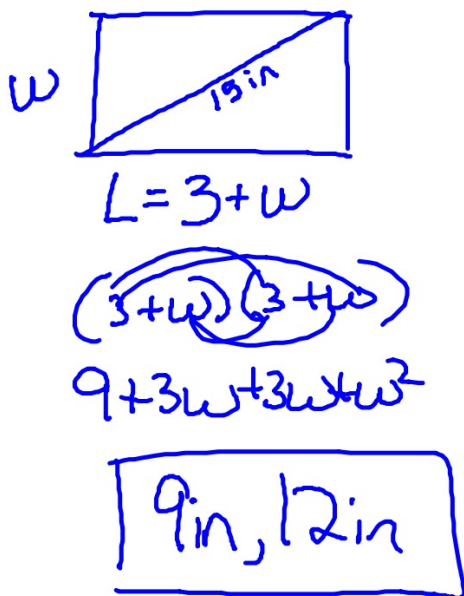
$$x^2 + 7x + 12 = 0$$

$$(x+3)(x+4) = 0$$

$$x \neq -3, -4$$

$$\boxed{-3, -2, -1}$$

2) The length of a rectangle is 3 inches more than its width. If the length of the diagonal is 15 inches, find the dimensions of the rectangle



Pythagorean Theorem:  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$$w^2 + (3+w)^2 = 15^2$$

$$w^2 + 9 + 6w + w^2 = 225$$

$$2w^2 + 6w - 216 = 0$$

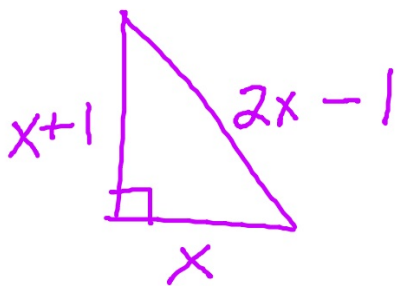
$$2(w^2 + 3w - 108) = 0$$

$$2(w+12)(w-9) = 0$$

$$w = 9$$



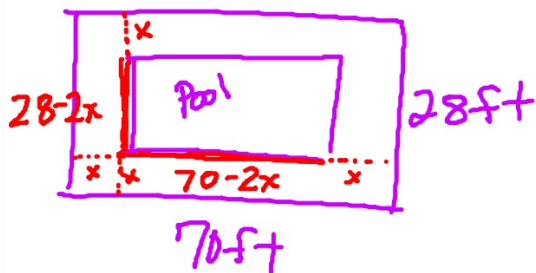
4) Suppose that one leg of a right triangle is 1 more than the other leg; and the hypotenuse is 1 less than 2 times the shorter leg. Find the length of all the sides



$$x^2 + (x+1)^2 = (2x-1)^2$$

$$\text{_____} = 0$$

6) A rectangular pool in a water-purification plant requires a surface area of 1240 square feet. If the pool is situated in a room with dimensions 70 ft by 28 ft and the distance from the pool edge to the room wall is uniform, find the dimensions of the pool.



Border : 4 ft

62 ft, 20 ft

$$(70-2x)(28-2x) = 1240$$

$$1960 - 140x - 56x + 4x^2 = 1240$$

$$\frac{4x^2}{4} - \frac{196x}{4} + \frac{1960}{4} = \frac{1240}{4}$$

$$x^2 - 49x + 490 = 310$$

$$x^2 - 49x + 180 = 0$$

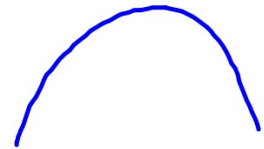
$$(x-45)(x-4) = 0$$

$x = 4, 45$

7) The equation for an object's height  $s$  at time  $t$  seconds after launch is  $s(t) = -4.9t^2 + 19.6t + 58.8$ , where  $s$  is in meters.

a) When does the object strike the ground?

$$0 = -4.9t^2 + 19.6t + 58.8$$
$$= -4.9(t^2 - 4t - 12)$$



b) At what time does the object reach its maximum height?

X-value of vertex;  $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-4)}{2(-1)} = 2 \text{ sec}$

c) What is the maximum height of the object?

$$s(2) = -4.9(2)^2 + 19.6(2) + 58.8$$
$$= 78.4 \text{ meters}$$

12) The product of two consecutive positive odd integers is 1 less than four times their sum. Find the two integers.

$$\begin{matrix} x \\ x+2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{Sum: } 2x+2$$

$$x(x+2) = 4(2x+2) - 1$$

$$x^2 + 2x = 8x + 8 - 1$$

$$x^2 - 6x - 7 = 0$$

$$(x-7)(x+1) = 0$$

$$x=7 \quad x=-1$$

~~x~~

7, 9