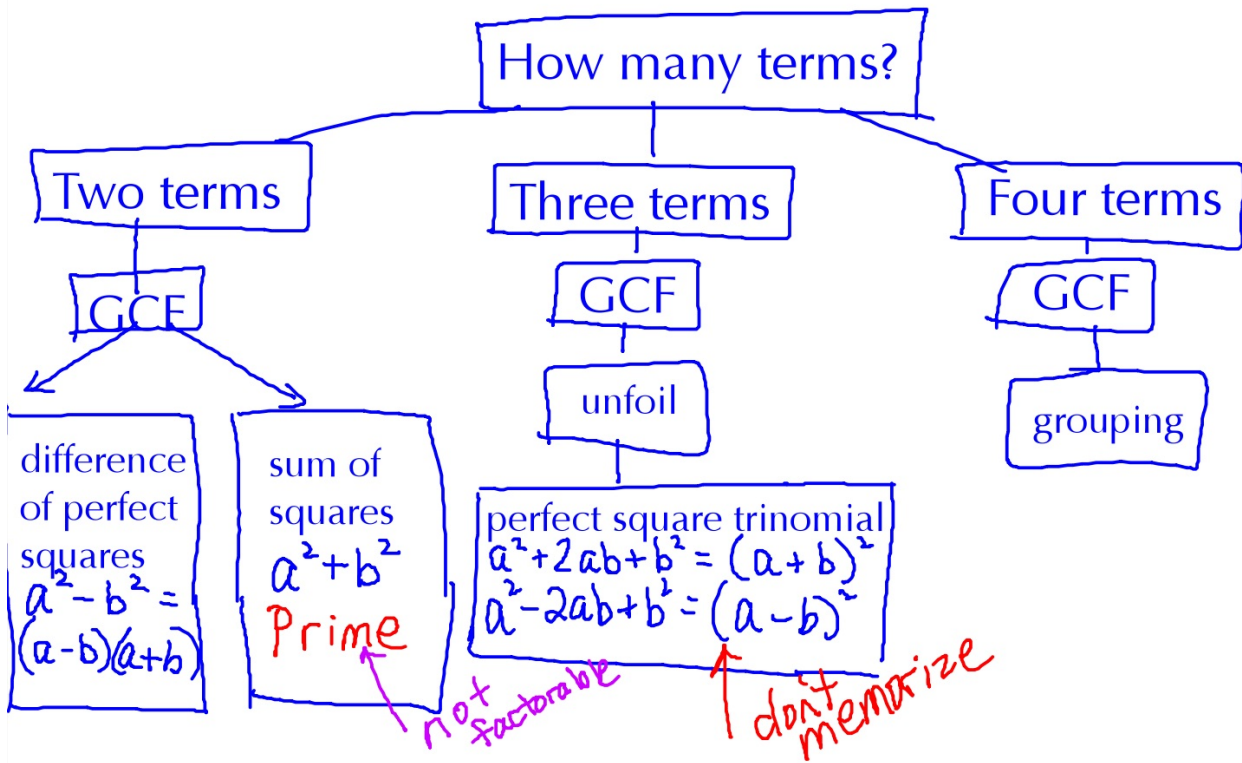


Factoring Bootcamp



Factor completely

$x+a$ and
 $x-a$
are
conjugate
pairs

$$a.) x^2 - 49 = (x+7)(x-7)$$

$$b.) x^2 - 16 = (x-4)(x+4)$$

$$c.) 4y^2 - 1 = (2y+1)(2y-1)$$

$$d.) 2x^2 - 50 = 2(x^2 - 25) = 2(x+5)(x-5)$$

$$e.) 144 - x^2 = (12-x)(12+x)$$

$$\text{or } -(x^2 - 144) = -(x+12)(x-12)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{f.) } x^4 - 81 &= (x^2 - 9)(x^2 + 9) \\ &= (x-3)(x+3)(x^2 + 9) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{g.) } \frac{12x^3 + 2x^2 - 30x - 5}{1}$$

$$\frac{2x^2(6x+1) - 5(6x+1)}{1}$$

$$(6x+1)(2x^2-5)$$

$$h.) \frac{9x^3 - 9x^2 - 4x + 4}{}$$

$$9x^2(x-1) - 4(x-1)$$

$$(x-1)(9x^2 - 4)$$

$$(x-1)(3x+2)(3x-2)$$

i.) $x^2 - 10x + 9$
 $(x-9)(x-1)$

both factors have
same sign

j.) $x^2 - 2x - 8$
 $(x-4)(x+2)$

factors will
have different
signs

k.) $x^2 - 9x + 10$
Prime

$$l.) \quad 2x^2 + 17x + 21$$
$$(2x + 3)(1x + 7)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 1 \\ \times \\ 7 \quad 3 \end{array}$$

$$6 \quad 7$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 1 \\ \times \\ 3 \quad 7 \end{array}$$

$$14 + 3x$$

$$m.) \quad 5x^2 - x - 18$$

$$(5x + 9)(x - 2)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \quad 1 \\ + 9 \quad -2 \end{array}$$

$$10 + 9 = 19$$

$$10 - 9 = 1$$

$$n.) \quad 6x^2 + 7x - 20$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 3 & 2 \\ \hline -4 & 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

15 - 8

$$(3x - 4)(2x + 5)$$

$$a.) \quad x^2 - 10x + 25 \\ (x-5)(x-5) \text{ or } (x-5)^2$$

$$p.) \quad 4x^2 + 4x + 1 \\ (2x+1)^2 \text{ or } (2x+1)(2x+1)$$